

# A simulation-based approach to study the influence of different production flows on manufacturing of customized products

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## ABSTRACT

Manufacturing products tailored to the individual requirements of customers is a must if companies want to compete effectively on the market. The production of customized goods poses new challenges for all areas of functioning of production systems. It is necessary to adopt such rules and methods that will allow a flexible response to product design changes and their demand. In the organization of production flow (materials and information). The article presents research carried out in the SmartFactory laboratory of the Poznań University of Technology regarding the impact of the structure of products (customization) on the realization of current production orders. The research was carried out using the FlexSim simulation environment. Based on simulation experiments for three forms of organization of production flow with varying degrees of flexibility of production resources, an analysis was made of the time of execution of various sets of production orders and the level of use of available working time. The results of research indicate that in the production of products with low and high planned labor consumption, the use of universal production station is the most advantageous. For such a solution, the degree of utilization of the available working time of production stations is also the highest. It was also found that the principles of scheduling production orders affect the effectiveness of the production system. The best results were obtained for the production schedule, where the sequence of production orders was established from the lowest planned time of resource loading.

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## Simulacijski pristop za preučevanje vpliva različnih proizvodnih tokov pri izdelavi izdelkov po meri

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### POVZETEK

Izdelava izdelkov, prilagojenih individualnim zahtevam kupcev, je nujna, če želijo podjetja učinkovito konkurirati na trgu. Proizvodnja blaga po meri postavlja nove izzive za vsa področja delovanja proizvodnih sistemov. Pri organizaciji proizvodnega toka (materiali in informacije) je treba vpeljati takšna pravila in metode, ki bodo omogočali prilagodljiv odziv na spremembe zasnovane izdelkov in njihove zahteve. Članek predstavlja raziskavo, ki je bila izvedena v laboratoriju SmartFactory Tehnološke univerze v Poznanu o vplivu strukture izdelkov (prilagoditev) na realizacijo trenutnih proizvodnih naročil. Raziskava je bila izvedena z uporabo simulacijskega okolja FlexSim. Na podlagi simulacijskih eksperimentov za tri oblike organizacije proizvodnega toka z različnimi stopnjami prilagodljivosti proizvodnih virov je bila narejena analiza časa izvedbe različnih sklopov proizvodnih naročil in stopnje izrabe razpoložljivega delovnega časa. Rezultati raziskave kažejo, da je pri proizvodnji izdelkov z nizko in visoko načrtovano porabo dela najbolj ugodna uporaba univerzalne proizvodne postaje. Za takšno rešitev je tudi stopnja izkoriščenosti razpoložljivega delovnega časa proizvodnih postaj najvišja. Ugotovljeno je bilo tudi, da načela razporejanja proizvodnih naročil vplivajo na učinkovitost proizvodnega sistema. Najboljši rezultati so bili dosegenci pri proizvodnem načrtu, pri katerem je bilo zaporedje proizvodnih naročil vzpostavljeno od najkrajšega načrtovanega časa koriščenja virov.

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### PODATKI O ČLANKU

*Ključne besede:*  
Pametna proizvodnja;  
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Izdelki po meri;  
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Simulacija diskretnih dogodkov (DES);  
Programska oprema za pripravo simulacije in analizo FlexSim

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